

Dilatometer

DynaCool (D680) / PPMS (P680)

For quantifying a sample's thermal expansion coefficient or probing magnetostriction effects, the Dilatometer offers unparalleled resolution and convenience. The dilation is determined by rigidly coupling a sample's expansion/contraction to the distance between the plates of a capacitor. Further, a ratiometric voltage measurement renders a large costly absolute capacitance bridge unnecessary, while the fused-silica cell design requires no first-order corrections due to adsorbed gas, thermal gradients, or applied magnetic field.

Key Features

- Lapping tools for sizing samples to the ideal width (2 mm) included along with measurement electronics, probe, and cell hardware
- Provided balance meter allows users to confirm proper sample sizing by a direct measurement before hardware is installed in the PPMS
- Manual rotation (rotation axis normal to the direction of applied field) of the sample within the cell between -20° and +110° outside of the PPMS enables systematic anisotropy studies
- Fused silica and copper reference samples included for periodic verification of system performance

Dilatometer Capsule installed in the Balance Meter

Dilatometer Specifications (for zero-field)

Dilation $[\Delta L]$

Resolution: < 10 pm, @ 2 K Noise Floor: < 20 pm, @ 2 K

 $\Delta L/L$ Resolution: 10-9, for 2 mm wide sample 8 Ackground Dilation: $< 75 \text{ nm (300} \rightarrow 2 \text{ K)}$ $< 10 \text{ pm (0} \rightarrow 9 \text{ T)}$

Sample Space Parameters

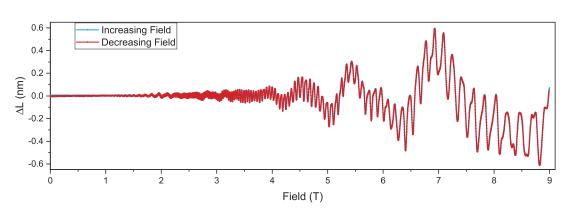
Ideal Sample Size*: $2 \pm 0.05 \text{ mm} \times 2.5 \text{ mm} \times 3 \text{ mm}$

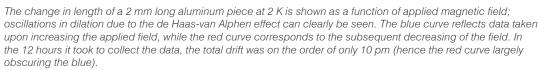
Operational Range 1.8 to 400 K; 0 to 16 T

*For samples narrower than 2 mm, included shims can be used; other dimensions are not tightly constrained.

Specifications are subject to change without notice.









Dilatometer Capsule with copper sample